The Impact of Language Access on LEP Survivors Seeking to Leave the Abuse

Saturday October 16, 2010 Shoreline Community College

Sandra B. Shanahan, MSW Protection Order Advocacy Program King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office, Domestic Violence Unit

Protection Order Advocacy Program

- Mission is to assist victims of domestic violence in obtaining civil protection orders against their abuser
- Employed by KCPAO
- Provide support, technical assistance, preliminary safety planning, DV education, court accompaniment, resource and referral information and troubleshooting of the PO process
- Serve in three locations:
 - King County Courthouse (C213)
 - Norm Maleng Regional Justice Center (2-B)
 - King County District Court, East Division Redmond

Predicting the Unpredictable...

For LEP survivor wanting to access courts:

- Where do I go?
- Will I be able to understand/be understood?
- Will I be able to accomplish what I need to accomplish today? At the full hearing?

On top of normal concerns of DV survivors:

- Will I be believed?
- Will I/my children be safe?
- Will police enforce my order?

Protection Order Process

2 part process

- Temporary/emergency order
 - Complex and voluminous paperwork
 - Must write a statement about DV history
 - Attend ex parte hearing
- Full order hearing
 - Orally present case to the court
 - Other party may have an attorney

Language Access and Temporary PO process

- Superior Court Office of Interpreter Services
- Best Practice: POAP requests interpreters for LEP clients
 - some languages same day service (Spanish)
 - Other languages interpreters typically available within a few days
- Some petitioners bring friends or family to interpret

Interpreters always ordered for full hearing

Challenges of having friends/family members interpret

- Children as interpreters
 - Overexposure to traumatic events/content
 - Child caught in the middle
 - Tainting of witness testimony
 - Setting self up to be called as witness
 - Goes without saying May not have necessary language proficiency to interpret

Challenges of having friends/family members interpret continued

- Friends and Family as interpreters
 - May not have necessary language proficiency to interpret
 - At best it requires or assumes that a DV victim is comfortable sharing sensitive details of the abuse
 - At worst DV victim may filter out more sensitive details
 - Dual role changes the dynamic of the friendship/relationship
 - Friends and family do not have privilege

Language Access Barriers: Overall challenges for LEP clients

- Interpreter accessibility
- Multiple continuances or delays
- Not very nimble
- Safety issues
- Budget pressures
- Existing complexities are exponentially complex

Language access is as simple as checking a box:

Interpreter ■ YES NO
Interpreter YES ■ NO

Not really...

Working with interpreters in PO process – What do we see?

- Interpreters appear overbooked
 - pop in and out of court to attend other hearings
 - Check in late
- Interpreters under more pressure
 - IFP takes a long time to complete
 - Have to be in too many different places at once
- Quality Assurance
 - Services feel very rushed
 - Sometimes interpreters not interpreting everything
 - Sometimes have side conversations with survivor that are not translated back to us...

Impact on LEP Survivors:

- Information LEP clients receive is
 - rushed, abridged or boiled down to main points
- Oversimplified
- May not be as comprehensive or individualized as needed
- If don't spend the time covering information in court with interpreter – Client is much less likely to end up getting it after the fact

Impact on LEP Survivors:

Compromised Safety

- May not feel comfortable fully disclosing experience
 - Short term impact
 - Long term impact
- May end up less informed
 - Court process
 - What to expect

Contact Information: Sandra B. Shanahan Sandra.Shanahan@KingCounty.gov 206-296-9700